



EPIDENDRUM DEJEANIAE Chiron, Hágster & L.Sánchez  
THE GENUS EPIDENDRUM PART 5

Plate 826  
ICONES ORCHIDACEARUM 8. 2006

*EPIDENDRUM DEJEANIAE* Chiron, Hágster et L.Sánchez, sp. nov.

Type: FRENCH GUIANA: Forested bank on the lower course of Acarouany river, hort. Mana, pressed February 2005, Aline Dejean sub Guy Chiron 2892. Holotype: LY! (Illustration voucher.) Flower in alcohol: AMO!

*Epidendro amapensi* Hágster & L.Sánchez simile sed 5-6 floribus, labello reniformi breviter ad apicem trilobato, margine integro, lobulo medio brevi latoque, clinandrio integro, recedens.

Hierba epífita, caespitosa, simpodial, de 20 cm de alto. Raíces basales, de la base de los tallos, delgadas, blancas, 1.5 mm de grosor. Tallos sencillos, de 6-10 entrenudos, delgados y subcilíndricos en la base, de 2 mm de grosor, distalmente ensanchados y lateralmente comprimidos, ancipitosos; 17 x 0.6 cm. Hojas 5-7, alternas, articuladas; vainas tubulares, lateralmente comprimidas, ancipitadas, 2 x 0.6 cm; lámina elíptica, lanceolada, ápice redondeado, diminutamente bilobado, la carina dorsal terminando en una punta aristada, subcoriácea, superficie irregular, las hojas inferiores y superiores más pequeñas, 5.7-6.5 x 1.5-2.0 cm. Bráctea espatacada ausente. Inflorescencia apical, sésil, racemosas, subcorimbosas, pedúnculo ligeramente comprimido, 5-6 x 2 mm, cubierto por una hoja muy reducida, aguda, 17 x 5-6 mm. Brácteas florales triangulares, agudas, progresivamente menores, la inferior 6-7 mm de largo. Ovario cilíndrico, liso, 25-30 x 2 mm. Flores 5-6, simultáneas, resupinadas, concoloras, verde oscuro (verde botella). Sépalos lanceolados, agudos, 5-nervados, margen entero, ligeramente revoluto; los laterales oblicuos, ligeramente más anchos; 15 x 3.5-4.0 mm. Pétalos lineares, agudos, 1-nervados, márgenes enteros, extendidos; 13 x 0.8 mm. Labelo unido a la columna, reniforme, cordado en la base, brevemente trilobado en el ápice, margen entero, 7 x 12.5 mm; bicalloso, los callos, ovoideos; lóbulos laterales semioblicuas, lóbulo medio corto y ancho, ligeramente emarginado. Columna delgada, arqueada, 8 mm de largo, terminada en un par de alas cortas que forman el rostelo. Clinandrio corto, en forma de embudo, ligeramente sobrepasando la antera, margen entero. Rostelo apical, hendido. Antera esférica, 4-locular. Polinios 4, óbovoides, lateralmente comprimidos, caudículas granulosas, viscidio semiliquido. Nectario penetrando 1/2 del ovario, angosto, liso.

Epiphytic, caespitose, sympodial herb. Roots basal, from each stem numerous, thin, white. Stems simple, of 6-10 internodes, the base thin, subterete, distally widened and laterally compressed, ancipitose. Leaves 5-7, alternate, articulate; sheaths tubular, laterally compressed, ancipitose; blade elliptic-lanceolate, apex rounded, minutely bilobed, apically short-aristate, subcoriaceous, surface irregular, the lower and upper leaves somewhat smaller. Inflorescence apical, sessile, racemosous, subcorymbose, peduncle short, slightly compressed, covered by a reduced, acute leaf. Floral bracts triangular, acute, progressively smaller. Ovary terete, smooth, long. Flowers 5-6, simultaneous, resupinate, concolor, dark green (bottle green). Sepals lanceolate, acute, 5-veined, margins entire, slightly revolute; lateral sepals oblique, slightly wider than the dorsal sepal. Petals linear, acute, 1-veined, margins entire, spreading. Lip united to the column, reniform, base cordate, apex short-3-lobed, margin entire; bicallose, the calli obovoid; lateral lobes semioblique, midlobe short and wide, somewhat emarginate. Column thin, arching, ending in a pair of short, wings that form the rostellum. Clinandrium-hood funnel shaped, short, slightly surpassing the anther, margin entire. Rostellum apical, slit. Anther subspherical, 4-celled. Pollinia 4, obovoid, laterally compressed, caudicles granulose, viscidium semiliquid. Nectary penetrating half the ovary, narrow, smooth.

OTHER SPECIMENS: None seen.

DISTRIBUTION AND ECOLOGY: Endemic to French Guiana, on the forested bank on the lower course of Acarouany river, epiphytic, 5-10 m altitude. Flowering from February to March.

RECOGNITION: *Epidendrum dejaniae* belongs to the Difforme Group which is characterized by the caespitose, sympodial plants, fleshy, pale green to glaucous leaves, apical inflorescence, sessile, rarely with a short peduncle, one-flowered to corymbose, without spatheaceous bracts, fleshy, green to yellowish-green rarely white flowers. The species has laterally compressed, ancipitose, stems distally, the lip with the apex short, 3-lobed, the apical lobe short and wide, slightly emarginate, and the slightly arching column. It is similar to *Epidendrum amapense* Hágster & L.Sánchez, distributed along the Brazilian-French Guiana border, which has 1-2 flowers, a 3-lobed lip with the margins erose, and the apical lobe transversely oblong, slightly emarginate and mucronate, and the clinandrium-hood irregular and deeply dentate. The flowers resemble those of *E. serlormum* Garay & Dunst. found on the eastern plains of Colombia and the upper Orinoco of Venezuela, at an altitude of less than 500 m, but it has 7-15

white to greenish yellow flowers which are slightly larger (sepals 17 mm long), an entire, cordiform lip, the disc with many thickened veins. *Epidendrum difforme* Jacq. is endemic to the windward islands of the Antilles (Montserrat, Guadeloupe, Dominica, Martinique, Ste. Lucia, St. Vincent and Trinidad et Tobago), has 3-5 flowers, 15 mm long sepals, a 3-lobed lip with a square midlobe with globose calli and a low thickened keel. In the French Guiana, *E. cremersii* Hágster & L.Sánchez has a longer ovary (30-35 mm) 1-2, rarely 3, large flowers (sepals 27-30 mm long), a large, 3-lobed lip (20-23 x 35-36 mm) with the lateral lobes surpassing the midlobe and separated from it by deep sinuses. *Epidendrum althausenii* A.D.Hawkes, ranging throughout the Amazon basin has 1-2, rarely 3 large flowers, the ovary 35-40 mm long, sepals 23-30 mm long and the lip much wider than long. *Epidendrum oldemanii* Christenson has 3-5 leaves, the apical ones progressively longer; a 2-flowered inflorescence, and the lip transversely reniform-bilobed, the margin sinuate, and the column with a prominent, dentate clinandrium-hood.

CONSERVATION STATUS: DD. Data deficient.

ETYMOLOGY: In honor of Mrs. Aline Dejean, from Mana (French Guiana) who collected and grew the pretype specimen from which the type was prepared.